Cooper, Kathy

From:

Miller, Sarah E.

Sent:

Wednesday, January 19, 2011 12:08 PM

To:

IRRC; Totino, Michaele; Smith, James M.; Wilmarth, Fiona E.

Subject: Attachments: FW: IRRC NO. 2885, REG NO. 126-1 PHILADELPHIA PARKING AUTHORITY Comments to regulation IRRC NO. 2885.pdf

From: Victory Cab [mailto:victorycabco@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, January 17, 2011 6:14 PM

To: Miller, Sarah E.

Cc: IRRC

Subject: Fw: IRRC NO. 2885 , REG NO. 126-1 PHILADELPHIA PARKING AUTHORITY

Hi Sarah,

Please see attachment of my commends for :

IRRC NO. 2885, Philadelphia Parking Authority,

NO,126-1, Philadelphia Taxicab and Limousine Regulation Order Docket NO.PRM-10-001

if need more information My cell number 267-2283006 Thank you,

David Arbel, General Manager,

Broad & Pike Motors, Inc. Yellow 2000 of Philadelphia, Inc. Nagi cab corp, MM transportation, LLC, Micky cab co, Inc. 1405 west pike Street Philadelphia, PA 19140 (215) 223-5002 office (215) 223-4997 fax victorycabco@yahoo.com

2885

PROPOSED RULEMAKING

RECEIVED

2011 JAN 19 P 2: 14

PHILADELPHIA PARKING AUTHORITY

[52 PA.CODE CHS. 1001, 1003, 1005, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063 AND 1065]

[PRM-10-001]

Philadelphia Taxicab and Limousine Regulations

[41 Pa.B. 435] [Saturday, January 15, 2011]

The Philadelphia Parking Authority (Authority), on November 22, 2010, adopted a proposed rulemaking order which establishes a body of regulations applicable to Philadelphia taxicabs and limousine service providers. This proposed rulemaking was necessitated by the Commonwealth Court's determination in *Germantown Cab Co. v. Philadelphia Parking Authority*, 993 A.2d 933 (2010), that the Authority's existing local regulations are invalid because they were not promulgated under the act of July 31, 1102 and 1201—1208), known as 1968 (P.L. 769, No. 240) (45 P.S. §§ the Commonwealth Documents Law. The matter is on appeal to the Supreme Court, but the Authority will proceed with this proposed rulemaking in an abundance of caution.

Philadelphia Taxicab and Limousine Regulations; Doc. No. PRM-10-001

COMMENTS RESPONSE TO PROPOSED RULEMAKING ORDER

PHILADELPHIA TAXI CAB AND LIMOUSINE REGULATION

ORDER DOCKET NO. PRM-10-001

IRRC NO. 2885 PHILADELPHIA PARKING AUTHORITY

REG NO. 126-1 PHILADELPHIA TAXICAB AND LIMOUSINE REGULATIONS

Comments by David Arbel

philadelphiataxi@gmail.com

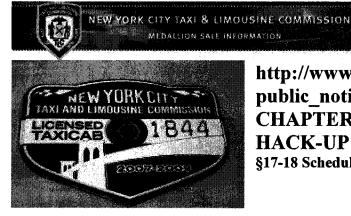
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Since Philadelphia proposed regulation "TITLE 52 PUBLIC UTILITIES Part II" built on the NY model "CHAPTER 17 RULES FOR TAXICAB, HACK-UP AND MAINTENANCE §17-18 Scheduled Vehicle Retirement"

I would like to make the comparison between NY TLC regulation and Philadelphia TLC proposed regulation and show the economic forces on Philadelphia Taxi cab market.

References: check the links below



http://www.nyc.gov/html/tlc/downloads/pdf/public_notice_06_30_09.pdf
CHAPTER 17 RULES FOR TAXICAB
HACK-UP AND MAINTENANCE
§17-18 Scheduled Vehicle Retirement\

PPD PURE PREPARED PROPERTY

http://www.philapark.org/tl2/pdfs/2010-ppa-tld-regs.pdf TITLE 52 PUBLIC UTILITIES Part II. Philadelphia Parking Authority.



Scheduled Vehicle Retirement Table Comparison between TLC NY, NY and TLC/PHILADELPHIA,PA

Scheduled Vehicle Retirement	TLC-NY	TLC-PHILADELPHIA
Vehicle is double-shifted reenter service after having been removed from taxicab service	36 Month/ *Unlimited Miles 1 to 36 Month/ Unlimited Miles	60 Month/ <u>Maximum</u> mileage 200,000Miles 1 to 12 Month
Mileage at vehicle introduction Max	New from the car dealer	Up to 15,000 Miles
vehicle is driven by at least one Long-Term Driver	60 Month/* Unlimited Miles	60 Month/ Maximum mileage 200,000Miles
Hardship Extension one Long-Term Driver	Extensions of 12-Month 72 Month/ *Unlimited Miles	N/A
Compressed Natural Gas Extension	Extensions of 36-Month Retirement Schedule 72 Month/ double-shifted *Unlimited Miles 96 Month/ one Long-Term Driver *Unlimited Miles	N/A N/A N/A
Minivan Extension	12 additional months of Taxicab service if double- shifted 48 Month/ double-shifted *Unlimited Miles	N/A

Minivan Extension	By 18 additional months of Taxicab service under other conditions 78 Month/ one Long-Term Driver *Unlimited Miles	N/A
Clean Air and Accessible Taxicab Extensions reenter service after having been removed from taxicab service	Extensions of 36-Month (72 Month)Retirement Schedule for any Level I or Level II Clean Air Taxicab *Unlimited Miles 1 to 72 Month	96 Month/ Maximum mileage 300,000Miles 1 to 36 Month
Mileage at vehicle introduction Max	New from the car dealer	Up to 35,000 Miles
double-shifted Long-Term Driver	Extensions of 60-Month Retirement Schedule: Level II Clean Air 96 Month/ *Unlimited Miles 152 Month/ *Unlimited Miles	N/A N/A N/A
Maximum number of taxicab driver's certificates	No limit	Limited to 3,000
Currently active licensed	48,536	Estimated 5,500

^{*}Unlimited Miles- A vehicle which cannot pass inspection must be replaced, regardless of whether its Scheduled Retirement Date has been reached.

Leasing/Rental Income

Medallion and license owners can lease this form of property to drivers on either a short-term (shift) or long-term (weekly) basis, and often leases can be made to multiple drivers, even on a long-term basis.

Short-term leasing can potentially generate higher gross returns, but a lower cost structure often makes long-term leasing more profitable.

In general, a medallion owner has the option to lease:

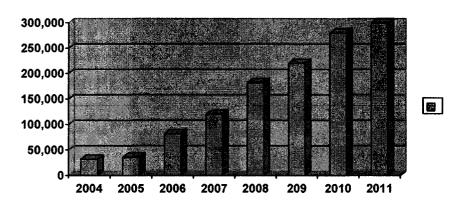
- (a) Only the medallion,
- (b) The medallion and car without providing repairs and maintenance, and
- (c) The medallion and car with repairs and maintenance provided,

although the nature of shift leasing always requires an owner to provide and maintain their vehicles.

Owners typically do not pay for gas, Driver violation and parking or employee fringe benefits.

NYC Taxi Medallion Prices Jan. 2004 to Aug. 2010 \$900,000 #825,000 \$800,000 \$700,000 Corporate \$609,000 \$400,000 \$500,000 \$400,000 Individual 8989,000 B2-43.0000 COO COCP 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2010

NY Individual Medallion growth an everge of 15% per year
Philadelphia Taxi Medallion Prices
Jan.2004 to Aug.2010



Philadelphia Medallion growth an everge of 43% per year

Comparison of total invesment to start ONE taxi cab for individual in the cites of:

	TLC-NY	TLC-PHILADELPHIA	
Medallion price	\$825,000 Corporate	N/A	
_	\$609,000 Individual	\$280,000	
Vehicle costs	\$28,000	\$5,500	
"Hack-up" costs	\$1,800	\$1,800	
Insurance	\$7,000	\$4,500	
TLC-Licensing fees	\$550	\$1,300	
Total Invesment for Individual	\$646,350	\$293,100	

Total invesment to start ONE taxi cab for individual in NY is 220% greater than one in Philadelphia

Comparison of maximum lease charge for a medallion and vehicle for one twelve-hour shift

Maximum Lease charge for a medallion and vehicle for <u>one twelve-hour shift shall not exceed:</u>								
Day Shift	Monday	Tuesday	Wed	Thur	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Total Weekly Day shift
TLC regulation Philadelphi	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$490
TLC/ NY	S105	S105	S105	S105	S105	S105	S105	<u>\$735</u>
Night Shift	Monday	Tuesday	Wed	Thur	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Total Weekly Night shift
TLC regulation Philadelphi	\$70 a	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	\$70	<u>\$490</u>
TLC/ NY	\$115	\$115	\$120	\$129	\$129	\$129	\$115	\$ <u>852</u>

Comparison Maximum income from weekly day & night shift

NY: Above it is demonstrated that with no downtime a taxicab with <u>medallion</u> leased one day and night shift per day could potentially earn (\$735+\$852)*52=\$82,524 per annum

Assume that the vehicle or shift driver(s) are unavailable 25% of the time and that result in an income of \$61,893 per annum.

Philadelphia: Above it is demonstrated that with no downtime a taxicab with medallion leased a day and night shift per day could potentially earn (\$490+\$490)*52=\$50,960

Assume that the vehicle or shift driver(s) are unavailable 25% of the time and that results in an income of \$38,220 per annum.

The potentially earn of shift <u>day and night</u> in <u>NY is 122% greater than</u> <u>Philadelphia</u>

Weekly charge <u>Day shift</u> only, Max lease in <u>NY is 150% greater than</u> <u>Philadelphia</u>

Weekly charge <u>Night shift</u> only, Max lease in <u>NY is 174% greater than</u> <u>Philadelphia</u>

Comparison of Standard Lease Cap for a <u>medallion and vehicle</u> for one shift for a week or longer

The Standard Lease Cap for <u>a medallion and vehicle</u> for <u>one shift</u> for a week or longer shall not exceed: (down time estimated by 20%...accidents, maintenance).

NY: (\$666 day and \$666 night), weekly... (666x2x52x80%) =\$55,411/year two shift

Philadelphia: \$490 (day and night) weekly... (490x52x80%) = \$20,384/year two shift

Standard lease cap for medallion and vehicle in NY is 272% greater than in Philadelphia

Comparison Standard Lease Cap for a medallion only

The Standard Lease Cap for <u>a medallion only</u>, covering the <u>entire time</u> during a week or longer, shall not exceed: (down time estimated by 20%...accidents, maintenance).

NY: \$800 weekly......(800x52x80%) =\$33,280/year Philadelphia: \$400 weekly......(400x52x80%) =\$16,640/year

Standard lease cap for medallion in NY is 200% greater than Philadelphia

Comparison of *financing* for *medallion only*

<u>NY</u>/ Financing 80% (\$609,000) at 5.75% with a 25-year amortization schedule results in an <u>annual payment of \$45,975 per annum</u> (plus the investor has to come up with the \$150,000 equity investment).

<u>Philadelphia/</u> Financing 80% (\$280,000) at 5.75% with a 25-year amortization schedule results in an <u>annual payment of \$21,138 per annum</u> (plus the investor has to come up with the \$56,000 equity investment)

Philadelphia: Financing taxi medallion: \$21,138 per annum

ACTUAL COSTS for Operating Vehicle (Medallion not included) New York Philadelphia

• Vehicle costs (new\$28,000/3year)=\$9334 (used \$5,500/3year)=\$1834

• "Hack-up" costs: \$1,800 \$1,800

Insurance: \$7,000
 TLC-Licensing fees:\$550
 \$4,700
 \$1,300

• Repairs(\$50x52)=\$2,600 (\$50x52)=\$2,600

• Total costs\$21,284/year\$12,234/year

Philadelphia: ACTUAL COSTS for operating vehicle: \$12,234/year

PREDICTED COSTS UNDER THE NEW TLC REGULATION

Operating Vehicle under TLC PROPOSED REGULATION, (Medallion not included)

Average miles for taxi cab/year in Philadelphia 55K/year TLC Philadelphia Scheduled Vehicle Retirement 60 Month/ *Maximum mileage* 200,000Miles

200,000/55= 3.64/year \$28,000/3.64=\$7,692/year (TLC force purchasing vehicle under 15,000 miles)

New York

Philadelphia

•	Vehicle costs (new\$28,000/3year)=\$9334	(\$28,000/3.64year)=\$7,692
•	"Hack-up" costs: \$1,800	\$1,800
•	Insurance: \$7,000	\$7,000
•	TLC-Licensing fees:\$550	\$1,300
•	Repairs(\$50x52)=\$2,600	(\$50x52)=\$2,600
•	Total costs\$21,284/year	\$20,392/year

<u>Philadelphia/</u> <u>Under new TLC regulation</u> cost of new vehicle operation: \$20,392/year

*167% a year increase in vehicle operating cost

*operating cost not included other expenses as: Accidents and total loss.

GROSS NET INCOME OPTIONS OPERATING TAXI CAB IN PHILADELPHIA:

Option 1: Medallion leased a day shift and night shift (Garage Fleet)

Option 2: Standard Lease for a medallion and vehicle

Option 3: Standard Lease for a medallion only

OPTION 1

Medallion leased a day shift and night shift (Garage Fleet)

1. Medallion leased a day shift and night shift (income). \$38,220/year
Actual_costs vehicle operation........\$12,234/year
Financing_Medallion payment of.......\$21,138/year
Total net gross.......\$38,220-(12,234+21,138) =\$4,848/year

********Profit of \$94 a week *******

TLC Philadelphia proposal Medallion leased a day shift and night shift

1.1 Medallion leased a day shift and night shift (income). \$38,220/year
Estimated costs, vehicle operation........\$20,392/year
Financing Medallion payment of.......\$21,138/year
Total net loss......\$38,220-(20,392+21,138) =(-)\$3,310/year

Under New TLC proposal Loss of \$64 a week*

OPTION 2

Option 2: Standard Lease for a medallion and vehicle

Loss of \$250 a week*

TLC Philadelphia proposal for Lease Cap for a medallion and vehicle

2.1 Medallion and vehicle, \$490) weekly((490x52x80%) = 20,384/year
Financing Medallion paymer	nt of	\$21,138/year
Estimated costs vehicle opera	ation	\$20,392/year
Total net loss	\$20,384-(21,138+	-20,392) = (-) $$21,146$ /year

Under New TLC proposal Loss of \$407 a week*

OPTION 3

Option 3: Standard Lease for a medallion only

3. The Standard Lease Cap for a medallion only		
Philadelphia: \$400 weekly	\dots (400x52x80%) =\$16,640/year	
Financing Medallion payment of	\$21,138/year	
Actual costs Insurance	\$4,700	
TLC-Licensing fees	\$1,300	
Total net loss	8+4,700+1,300) = (-) $$10,498$ /year	

******Loss of \$202 a week****

TLC Philadelphia proposal for Lease Cap for a medallion only

3.1 Philadelphia: \$400 weekly	(400x52x80%) =\$16,640/year
Financing Medallion payment of	\$21,138/year
Actual costs Insurance	\$7,000
TLC-Licensing fees	\$1,300
Total net loss\$16,640	-(21,138+7,000+1,300) = (-) \$12,798/year

******Loss of \$247 a week****

CONCLUSION

During the last 6 years, the value of a taxi medallion grew at the average rate of 43% a year because of high demand for jobs by unskilled workers. This growth created a dangerous economic bubble that clearly showed that economic forces are very poor for operating a taxi cab in Philadelphia. As shown by Option 2 (Standard Lease for a medallion and vehicle) and Option 3(Standard Lease for a medallion only), the gross income is negative. The only parties that still make a profit are the finance companies and the medallion owner if there are no monthly payments. If new investors cannot gain profit from a taxi medallion, this industry will never grow and compete, and it will not benefit the public.

Today, the average financing for a taxi medallion is 25 years, with payments of \$21,138 per annum. Option 2 shows a loss of \$250 a week because under current TLC regulation the Maximum cap of standard was never adjusted to the increase of the medallion prices. Instead, TLC Philadelphia kept the cap unchanged since 2005, as today the Maximum lease cap is too low to generate profit. Option 3 also shows a loss of \$202 a week.

The new proposed regulation did not offer any adjustment to the Maximum standard lease cap. If the cap is be adjusted according to the medallion value, it will create a solid economic plan. This is what the TLC in NY did by adjusting the Maximum cap with an increase in the market value of a taxi medallion. TLC Philadelphia, however, wants new vehicles in Philadelphia streets; this will increase the hardship on taxi industry by increasing the losses and will bring the taxi market to a complete stop, followed by destruction and bankruptcy.

TLC Philadelphia did not offer any solutions to the failing taxi industry; they have only created more demands; see **Scheduled Vehicle Retirement Table** page 3-4. NY TLC has a better understanding of the situation, and is providing economical solutions for mileage and retirement life cycle for vehicles and better answers for public demands for green, Minivan and other friendly technologies in transportation. TLC Philadelphia asks for a short life cycle for vehicles that will bring the taxi industry to their knees, with no green environment options and no minivan options.

TLC Philadelphia is a branch of the Philadelphia Parking Authority operating as bill collectors with the highest penalties and violations in the nation - some as much as 300% higher than NY TLC regulations. TLC

Philadelphia has a long way to go in learning from other cites success by balancing economic market forces with realty and not just seeking short-term gratification in terms of what looks better on the street or how the departmental requirement balance sheet looks. Follow other successes, not failures.

Comments by: David Arbel philadelphiataxi@gmail.com